

COMMONWEALTH OF MASSACHUSETTS
WILLIAM FRANCIS GALVIN
SECRETARY OF THE COMMONWEALTH

WORCESTER SS.

To either the Constables of the Town of Brookfield

GREETINGS:

In the name of the Commonwealth, you are hereby required to notify and warn the inhabitants of said town who are qualified to vote in elections to vote at the Brookfield Town Hall, Banquet Hall on TUESDAY , THE FIFTH DAY OF NOVEMBER, 2002 from 7:00 A.M. to 8:00 P.M. for the following purpose:

To cast their votes in the State Election for the candidates of political parties for the following purpose:

SENATOR IN CONGRESS.....FOR THE COMMONWEALTH
GOVERNOR & LT. GOVERNOR.....“ “ “
ATTORNEY GENERAL.....“ “ “
SECRETARY.....“ “ “
TREASURER.....“ “ “
AUDITOR.....“ “ “
REPRESENTATIVE IN CONGRESS..... CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT
COUNCILLOR.....COUNCILLOR DISTRICT
SENATOR IN GENERAL COURT.....SENATORIAL DISTRICT
REPRESENTATIVE IN GENERAL COURT...REPRESENTATIVE DISTRICT
DISTRICT ATTORNEY.....DISTRICT
REGISTER OF PROBATE.....WORCESTER COUNTY
CLERK OF COURTS.....WORCESTER COUNTY

QUESTIONS

- #1- ELIMINATING STATE PERSONAL INCOME TAX
 - #2- ENGLISH LANGUAGE EDUCATION IN PUBLIC SCHOOLS
 - #3- TAXPAYER FUNDING FOR POLITICAL CAMPAIGNS
- (PLEASE SEE ATTACHMENT FOR TEXT OF QUESTIONS)

HEREOF FAIL NOT AND MAKE RETURN OF THIS WARRANT WITH YOUR DOINGS THEREON AT THE TIME AND PLACE OF SAID VOTING. GIVEN UNDER OUR HANDS THIS TWENTY-SECOND DAY OF OCTOBER, 2002.

AND YOU ARE DIRECTED TO SERVE THIS WARRANT, BY POSTING UP ATTESTED COPIES THEREON AT THE BROOKFIELD TOWN HALL AND U.S. POST OFFICE IN SAID TOWN, SEVEN DAYS AT LEAST BEFORE THE TIME OF THE HOLDING OF SAID VOTING.


BEVERLY A. LUND


ROBERT S. PHILLIPS


JOSEPH J. KLIMAVICH

SELECTMEN OF BROOKFIELD

WORCESTER,SS

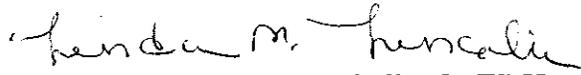
PURSUANT TO THE WITHIN WARRANT, I HAVE NOTIFIED AND WARNED
THE INHABITANTS OF THE TOWN OF BROOKFIELD BY POSTING UP
ATTESTED COPIES OF SAME OCTOBER 23rd, 2002. SEVEN DAYS
BEFORE THE DATE OF VOTING, AS WITHIN DIRECTED. POSTED AT 10:25AM
BROOKFIELD TOWN HALL 10:30AM AND U.S. POST OFFICE AT | .

A TRUE COPY ATTEST:



CONSTABLE OF BROOKFIELD

A TRUE COPY ATTEST:



LINDA M. LINCOLN, TOWN CLERK

QUESTION 1: Law Proposed by Initiative Petition

Do you approve of a law summarized below, on which no vote was taken by the Senate or the House of Representatives before May 1, 2002?

SUMMARY:

This proposed law would provide that no income or other gain realized on or after July 1, 2003, would be subject to the state personal income tax. That tax applies to income received or gain realized by individuals and married couples, by estates of deceased persons, by certain trustees and other fiduciaries, by persons who are partners in and receive income from partnerships, by corporate trusts, and by persons who receive income as shareholders of "S corporations" as defined under federal tax law. The proposed law would not affect the tax due on income or gain realized before July 1, 2003.

The proposed law states that if any of its parts were declared invalid, the other parts would stay in effect.

A YES VOTE would eliminate any state personal income tax for income or other gain realized on or after July 1, 2003.

A NO VOTE would make no change in state tax laws.

QUESTION 2: Law Proposed by Initiative Petition

Do you approve of a law summarized below, on which no vote was taken by the Senate or the House of Representatives before May 1, 2002?

SUMMARY:

This proposed law would replace the current state law providing for transitional bilingual education in public schools with a law requiring that, with limited exceptions, all public school children must be taught English by being taught all subjects in English and being placed in English language classrooms.

The proposed law would require public schools to educate English learners (children who cannot do ordinary classwork in English and who either do not speak English or whose native language is not English) through a sheltered English immersion program, normally not lasting more than one year. In the program, all books and nearly all teaching would be in English, with the curriculum designed for children learning English, although a teacher could use a minimal amount of a child's native language when necessary. Schools would be encouraged to place in the same classroom children who are from different native-language groups but who have the same level of English skills. Once a student is able to do regular schoolwork in English, the student would be transferred to an English language mainstream classroom. These requirements would not affect special education programs for physically or mentally impaired students or foreign language classes for children who already know English.

Parents or guardians of certain children could apply each year to have the requirements waived, so as to place their child in bilingual education or other classes, if the parents or guardians visit the school to be informed, in a language they can understand, about all available options. To obtain a waiver, the child must either (1) already know English; or (2) be at least 10 years old, and the school principal and staff believe that another course of study would be better for the child's educational progress and rapid learning of English; or (3) have special physical or psychological needs (other than lack of English skills), have already spent 30 days in an English language classroom during that school year, the school principal and staff document their belief that the child's special needs make another course of study better for the child's educational progress and rapid learning of English, and the school superintendent approves the waiver. If 20 or more students in one grade level at a school receive waivers, the school would have to offer either bilingual education classes providing instruction in both the student's native language and English or classes using other generally recognized educational methodologies permitted by law. In other cases, a student receiving a waiver would have to be allowed to transfer to a school offering

such classes.

A parent or guardian could sue to enforce the proposed law and, if successful, would receive attorney's fees, costs and compensatory money damages. Any school employee, school committee member or other elected official or administrator who willfully and repeatedly refused to implement the proposed law could be personally ordered to pay such fees, costs, and damages; could not be reimbursed for that payment by any public or private party; and could not be elected to a school committee or employed in the public schools for 5 years. Parents or guardians of a child who received a waiver based on special needs could sue if, before the child reaches age 18, they discover that the application for a waiver was induced by fraud or intentional misrepresentation and injured the child's education.

All English learners in grades kindergarten and up would take annual standardized tests of English skills. All English learners in grades 2 and up would take annual written standardized tests, in English, of academic subjects. Severely learning disabled students could be exempted from the tests. Individual scores would be released only to parents, but aggregate scores, school and school district rankings, the number of English learners in each school and district, and related data would be made public.

The proposed law would provide, subject to the state Legislature's appropriation, \$5 million each year for 10 years for school committees to provide free or low-cost English language instruction to adults who pledged to tutor English learners.

The proposed law would replace the current law, under which a school committee must establish a transitional bilingual education program for any 20 or more enrolled children of the same language group who cannot do ordinary classwork in English and whose native language is not English or whose parents do not speak English. In that program, schools must teach all required courses in both English and the child's native language; teach both the native language and English; and teach the history and culture of both the native land of the child's parents and the United States. Teaching of non-required subjects may be in a language other than English, and for subjects where verbalization is not essential (such as art or music), the child must participate in regular classes with English-speaking students.

Under the current law, a child stays in the program for 3 years or until the child can perform successfully in English-only classes, whichever occurs first. A test of the child's English skills is given each year. A school committee may not transfer a child out of the program before the third year unless the parents approve and the child has received an English-skills test score appropriate to the child's grade level. A child may stay in the program longer than 3 years if the school committee and the parent or guardian approve. Parents must be informed of their child's enrollment in the program and have the right to withdraw their child from the program.

The proposed law's testing requirements would take effect immediately, and its other requirements would govern all school years beginning after the proposed law's effective date. The proposed law states that if any of its parts were declared invalid, the other parts would stay in effect.

A YES VOTE would require that, with limited exceptions, all public school children must be taught English by being taught all subjects in English and being placed in English language classrooms.

A NO VOTE would make no changes in English language education in public schools.

QUESTION 3: THIS QUESTION IS NOT BINDING

Do you support taxpayer money being used to fund political campaigns for public office in the Commonwealth of Massachusetts?

ELECTION RESULTS STATE ELECTION NOVEMBER 5, 2002

SENATOR IN CONGRESS

John F. Kerry	80	803
Michael E. Cloud		263
Randall Forsberg		9
Blanks		122

GOVERNOR & LIEUTENANT GOVERNOR

Howell & Aucoin	31
O'Brien & Gabrieli	426
Romney & Healy	668
Stein & Lorenzen	39
Johnson & Schebel	13
Blanks	20

ATTORNEY GENERAL

Thomas F. Reilly	869
All Others	6
Blanks	322

SECRETARY OF STATE

William Francis Galvin	717
Jack E. Robinson, III	362
Blanks	118

TREASURER

Timothy P. Cahill	490
Daniel A. Grabuaskas	533
James O'Keefe	106
Blanks	106

AUDITOR

A. Joseph DeNucci	710
Kamal Jain	97
John James Xenakis	206
All Others	1
Blanks	68

REPRESENTATIVE IN CONGRESS

Richard E. Neal	867
All Others	8
Blanks	322

COUNCILLOR

Dennis P. McManus	804
All Others	6
Blanks	387

TOTAL VOTES CAST 1197

SENATOR IN GENERAL COURT

Stephen M. Brewer	957
Carolyn J. McMahon	150
Blanks	90

REPRESENTATIVE IN GENERAL COURT

Anne M. Gobi	667
Ryan J. Witkos	488
Blanks	42

DISTRICT ATTORNEY

John J. Conti	627
Gregory J. White	506
Blanks	64

REGISTER OF PROBATE

Stephen G. Abraham	533
Peter M. Lukes	527
Blanks	137

CLERK OF COURTS

Francis A. Ford	827
All Others	6
Blanks	364

QUESTION 1

Yes	541
No	501
Blanks	155

QUESTION 2

Yes	833
No	248
Blanks	116

QUESTION 3

Yes	195
No	908
Blanks	94

QUESTION 4

Yes	621
No	423
Blanks	153